SECTION F- DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE

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F.1 52.242-15 Stop-Work Order. (AUG 1989) - Alternate I (APR 1984)

(a) The Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order to the Contractor, require the Contractor to stop all, or any part, of the work called for by this contract for a period of 90 days after the order is delivered to the Contractor, and for any further period to which the parties may agree. The order shall be specifically identified as a stop-work order issued under this clause. Upon receipt of the order, the Contractor shall immediately comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Within a period of 90 days after a stop-work is delivered to the Contractor, or within any extension of that period to which the parties shall have agreed, the Contracting Officer shall either -

(1) Cancel the stop-work order; or

(2) Terminate the work covered by the order as provided in the Termination clause of this contract.

(b) If a stop-work order issued under this clause is canceled or the period of the order or any extension thereof expires, the Contractor shall resume work. The Contracting Officer shall make an equitable adjustment in the delivery schedule, the estimated cost, the fee, or a combination thereof, and in any other terms of the contract that may be affected, and the contract shall be modified, in writing, accordingly, if -

(1) The stop-work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost properly allocable to, the performance of any part of this contract; and

(2) The Contractor asserts its right to the adjustment within 30 days after the end of the period of work stoppage; provided, that, if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify the action, the Contracting Officer may receive and act upon the claim submitted at any time before final payment under this contract.

(c) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the Contracting Officer shall allow reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order in arriving at the termination settlement.

(d) If a stop-work order is not canceled and the work covered by the order is terminated for default, the Contracting Officer shall allow, by equitable adjustment or otherwise, reasonable costs resulting from the stop-work order.

F.2 Work Stoppage and Shutdown Authorization (OCT 2014)

Note: Nothing in this clause shall supersede the regulatory requirements in 10 CFR 851.

(a) Imminent Health and Safety Hazard is a given condition or situation which, if not immediately corrected, could result in a serious injury or death, including exposure to radiation and toxic/hazardous chemicals. Imminent Danger in relation to the facility safety envelope is a condition, situation, or proposed activity which, if not terminated, could cause, prevent mitigation of, or seriously increase the risk of (1) nuclear criticality, (2) radiation exposure, (3) fire/explosion, and/or (4) toxic hazardous chemical exposure.
(b) Work Stoppage. In the event of an Imminent Health and Safety Hazard, identified by facility line management or operators or facility health and safety personnel overseeing facility operations, or other individuals, the individual or group identifying the imminent hazard situation shall immediately take actions to eliminate or mitigate the hazard (i.e., by directing the operator/implementer of the activity or process causing the imminent hazard to stop work, or by initiating emergency response actions or other actions) to protect the health and safety of the workers and the public, and to protect U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) facilities and the environment. In the event an imminent health and safety hazard is identified, the individual or group identifying the hazard should coordinate with an appropriate Contractor official, who will direct the shutdown or other actions, as required. Such mitigating action should subsequently be coordinated with the DOE and Contractor management. The suspension or stop-work order should be promptly confirmed in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(c) Shutdown. In the event of an imminent danger in relation to the facility safety envelope or a non-Imminent Health and Safety Hazard identified by facility line managers, facility operators, health and safety personnel overseeing facility operations, or other individuals, the individual or group identifying the potential health and safety hazard may recommend facility shutdown in addition to any immediate actions needed to mitigate the situation. However, the recommendation must be coordinated with Contractor management, and the DOE Site Manager. Any written direction to suspend operations shall be issued by the Contracting Officer, pursuant to the Clause entitled, "FAR 52.242-15, Stop-Work Order."

(d) Facility Representatives. DOE personnel designated as Facility Representatives provide the technical/safety oversight of operations. The Facility Representative has the authority to "stop work," which applies to the shutdown of an entire plant, activity, or job. This stop-work authority will be used for an operation of a facility which is performing work the Facility Representative believes:

1. Poses an imminent danger to health and safety of workers or the public if allowed to continue;
2. Could adversely affect the safe operation of, or could cause serious damage to the facility if allowed to continue; or
3. Could result in the release of radiological or chemical hazards to the environment in excess of regulatory limits.

(e) This clause flows down to all subcontractors at all tiers. Therefore, the Contractor shall insert a clause, modified appropriately to substitute "Contractor Representatives" for "the Contracting Officer" in all subcontracts.

**F.3 DOE-F-2002 Place of Performance - Services (OCT 2014)**

The services specified by this contract shall be performed at the following location(s):

[Insert place(s) of performance including city and state].

**F.4 DOE-F-2003 Period of Performance (OCT 2014)**

The Contractor shall commence performance of this contract in accordance with the contract terms and conditions on [insert effective date of contract or date on which work is to begin] and continue through [insert the end date for contract performance].
F.5 Award Term Incentive

(a) Definitions

For purposes of this Section F.5:

(1) “Award Term Determination Official (ATDO)” means the Department of Energy official designated to determine whether the Contractor has met the contractual requirements in order to earn any award term extension during an evaluation period. The ATDO and the Fee Determination Official (FDO) may be the same person.

(2) “Base Term”, for purposes of Section F.5 only, means the period of performance commencing on the date the Contractor assumes full responsibility for the management of ORISE, after any necessary contract transition, through the end date specified in Section F.4 entitled “Period of Performance”.

(3) All ratings of Contractor performance are defined in Section J, Attachment I entitled “Performance Evaluation and Measurement Plan”.

(b) Eligibility for Award Term Extensions

In order for the Contractor to earn a contract term extension pursuant to the award term incentive:

(1) With respect to the first evaluation period (the date the Contractor assumes full responsibility for ORISE through September 30, 2016), the Contractor must have been assessed by the FDO to have achieved a score of at least 3.1 for both Programmatic and Management performance, and meet the contract performance goals, objectives, standards, or criteria and other contract requirements applicable to earning additional award term, as may be defined in the Performance Evaluation and Measurement Plan (or equivalent document), as determined by the ATDO.

(2) With respect to all other evaluation periods, the Contractor must have been assessed by the FDO to have achieved an overall score of at least a 3.5 for Programmatic performance and an overall score of at least a 3.1 for Management performance for each performance evaluation period, and meet the contract performance goals, objectives, standards, or criteria and other contract requirements applicable to earning additional award term, as may be defined in the Performance Evaluation and Measurement Plan (or equivalent document), as determined by the ATDO. Provided, however, that the Contractor must also obtain a minimum score of at least 3.1 for each individual Programmatic Goal and 2.8 for each individual Management Goal.

(c) Award Term Evaluation and Determination

(1) The amount of award term that may be earned by the Contractor for each award term extension is 12 months. The Government may extend the contract term up to a total of five years beyond the five-year base term through implementation of this provision. Except that the Government may exercise its rights to extend the contract at clauses FAR 52.217-8 - Option to Extend Services and/or FAR 52.237-3 - Continuity of Services, the total contract term, including award term(s) but exclusive of any necessary transition period, shall not exceed ten (10) years.

(2) Evaluation of award term extensions will be conducted annually.

(3) The ATDO will unilaterally determine if the Contractor: (i) meets eligibility requirements to earn an award term extension; and (ii) has earned additional contract term. This determination will be made annually. After the ATDO determines that the Contractor has earned additional award term and after receipt of any necessary approvals, the Contracting Officer will unilaterally modify the contract to extend the term of the contract.
(4) If the Contractor fails to earn the award term three (3) times, the Contractor becomes ineligible to earn any additional award term extension(s) under the contract.

(d) Conditions

(1) This section does not confer any other rights to the Contractor other than the right to earn additional contract term as specified herein. Any additional contract term awarded to the Contractor under this section is subject to all of the other terms and conditions of this contract. Should the terms of this section conflict with the terms of any other section or clause under this contract, then this section shall be subordinate.

(2) The Contractor’s earning of an award term extension and the Contractor’s right to perform an earned award term extension are subject to:
   (i) The Government’s continuing need for the contract’s work;
   (ii) The availability of funds; and
   (iii) Bilateral contract modifications that incorporate changes to, or new, DOE policy or contract clauses.

(3) The Government may make unilateral changes to the Performance Evaluation and Measurement Plan (or equivalent document) prior to the start of an award term evaluation period.

(4) The Contractor is not entitled to any cancellation charges, termination costs, equitable adjustments, or any other compensation due to the Contractor failing to earn or forfeiting award term.

(5) A significant failure of Contractor’s management controls as defined in the Section I Clause DEAR 970.5203-1 – Management Controls or a first degree performance failure as defined in the Section I Clause DEAR 952.223-76 – CONDITIONAL PAYMENT OF FEE OR PROFIT - SAFEGUARDING RESTRICTED DATA AND OTHER CLASSIFIED INFORMATION AND PROTECTION OF WORKER SAFETY AND HEALTH may result in the forfeiture of up to three (3) years of earned award term. This potential forfeiture is in addition to other remedies provided for in the contract and is unilaterally determined by the ATDO.

(6) If the ATDO determines that the Contractor has forfeited earned award term as allowed in item (5) above, the Contracting Officer will unilaterally modify the contract term.